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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/764,803	01/26/2004	Payman Zarkesh-Ha	02-5938	9749
86550 7590 11/18/2009 LSI Corporation c/o Suiter Swantz pc llo 14301 FNB Parkway, Suite 220 Omaha, NE 68154				
EXAMINER KIM, S U C				
ART UNIT 2823		PAPER NUMBER		
MAIL DATE 11/18/2009		DELIVERY MODE PAPER		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Office Action Summary

Application No.

10/764,803

Applicant(s)

ZARKESH-HA ET AL.

Examiner

SU C. KIM

Art Unit

2823

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --
Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 02 September 2009.
2a) ☒ This action is **FINAL**. 2b) ☐ This action is non-final.
3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 1-4, 6, 8-12, 14, 16-18 and 20-24 is/are pending in the application.
4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
5) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.
6) ☒ Claim(s) 1-4, 6, 8-12, 14, 16-18 and 20-24 is/are rejected.
7) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.
8) ☐ Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
10) ☒ The drawing(s) filed on 20 October 2008 is/are: a) ☒ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:
1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

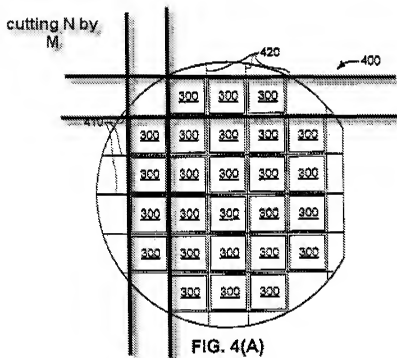
- 1) ☐ Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)
2) ☐ Notice of Draftsman's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)
3) ☐ Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____
4) ☐ Interview Summary (PTO-413)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____
5) ☐ Notice of Informal Patent Application
6) ☐ Other: _____

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

2. Claims 1-4, 8-12, 16-17, & 24 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over by Voogel (US 6,362,651) in view of Hongo et al. (US 2003/0143971) and further in view of Glenn et al. (US 6,962,829).



Regarding claims 1, 9, & 17, Voogel discloses a method for providing field programmable platform array units, comprising:

cutting N by M array of platform array units 300 (Fig. 4(A)) within a single platform array unit platform 300 from a field programmable platform array wafer 400

according to an order for a customer, N and M being positive integers, said field programmable platform array wafer 300 having all silicon layers and metal layers already built (Col. 2, lines 65-67, Col. 3 lines1-3) and including a plurality of platform array units (col. 1, 19-39, note: programmable logic device (PLDS)) said plurality of platform array units having portions being field programmable by a customer (note: by user) and interconnect 610 or 325 (Fig. 7B, note: an extension portion of interconnect) between said plurality of platform array units 450(1) & 450(2) being pre-routed on chip (Fig. 6); and packaging and testing (Col.6, lines 59-65) said N by M array of platform array units wherein said interconnect between said plurality of platform array units is at least one (two) of direct 610 (Fig. 6, note: it is a direct connection until a dicing process or two of direct 400A (Fig. 5(B)), via bus-bars, and via network on chip.

Voogel fails to teach each of said plurality of platform array units including at least one core and at least one processor), encapsulation of lower metal layers of said single platform array unit platform is preserved by a standard die seal, and wherein said single platform array unit platform is a digital signal processing (DSP) platform.

However, Hongo disclose a chip including at least one core and at least one processor (Fig. 7 & paragraph 0105), encapsulation 550 of lower metal layers 551 (Fig. 14) of said single platform array unit platform is preserved by a standard die seal, and wherein said single platform array unit platform is a digital signal processing (DSP) platform (Fig. 7).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of applicant(s) claimed invention was made to provide Voogel with each of said

plurality of platform array units including at least one core and at least one processor), encapsulation of lower metal layers of said single platform array unit platform is preserved by a standard die seal, and wherein said single platform array unit platform is a digital signal processing (DSP) platform as taught by Hongo in order to produce a radio transmitting and a receiving device.

Voogle and Hongo in combination fail to teach encapsulation of lower copper metal layers.

However, Glenn suggests encapsulation 48 of lower copper metal layers 22 (Fig. 7).

The claim would have been obvious because the substitution of one known element for another would have yielded predictable results to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention.

Regarding claims 2 & 10, as applied to claims 1 & 9, Voogle, Hongo and Glenn in combinations disclose that programming said N by M array of platform array units by said customer (note: all the FPGA are produced for the customer).

Regarding claims 3 & 11, as applied to claims 12 & 10, Voogle, Hongo and Glenn in combinations disclose that said programming is performed for at least one of unit specialization, unit role assignment, and inter-unit communications (Hongo, Fig. 7).

Regarding claims 4, 12 & 24, as applied to claims 2, 10, & 17, Voogle, Hongo and Glenn in combinations disclose that said programming is performed with firmware (Voogle, col. 1 lines 18-26).

Regarding claims 8 & 16, as applied to claims 1 & 9, Voogel, Hongo and Glenn in combinations disclose that storing said field programmable platform array wafer (Voogel, col. 1 lines 18-26).

3. Claims 6 & 14 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over by Voogel (US 6,362,651) in view of Hongo et al. (US 2003/0143971) and further in view of Glenn et al. (US 6,962,829) and Mastro et al. (US 2002/0091977).

Regarding claims 6 & 14, as applied to claims 5 & 13, Voogel, Hongo and Glenn in combinations disclose that said single platform

Voogel, Hongo and Glenn in combinations disclose that fail to teach said single platform is a storage area network (SAN) platform.

However, Mastro suggests said single platform 94 (Fig. 5, FPGA) is a storage area network (paragraph 0067).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of applicant(s) claimed invention was made to provide Voogel, Hongo and Glenn in combinations with said single platform is a storage area network (SAN) platform as taught by Mastro in order to enhance functionality.

4. Claims 18 & 20-23 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over by Voogel (US 6,362,651) in view of Hongo et al. (US 2003/0143971) and further in view of Glenn et al. (US 6,962,829) and Lee et al. (US 6,222,212).

Regarding claims 18 & 20-23, Voogle, Hongo and Glenn in combinations disclose that said semiconductor device includes top pad and said top pad 456 of said semiconductor device are used as a routing layer for the pre-touted interconnect 610 between said plurality of platform array units (Voogle, Fig. 6).

Voogle, Hongo and Glenn in combinations in combinations fails to teach top pad are aluminum, metal bumps, copper, polysilicon, or silicon layer.

However, Lee discloses that interconnection (routing layer) can be made of aluminum, copper, polycrystalline silicon, or metal bumps 908 (Col. 5, lines 30-61, Fig. 9B).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of applicant(s) claimed invention was made to provide Voogle, Hongo and Glenn in combinations with interconnection (routing layer) can be made of aluminum, copper, polycrystalline silicon as taught by Lee in order to enhance electrical conductivity.

Response to Arguments

5. Applicant's arguments filed 9/2/2009 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

With respect to claims rejection under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), applicant argues that Voogel, Hongo, and Glenn in combination fail to teach "wherein said interconnection between said plurality of platform array units is at least two of direct, via bus-bars, and via network on chip".

In response to applicant's contention, it is respectfully submitted that **Voogle** discloses all the claimed limitation including "wherein said interconnection between said

plurality of platform array units is at least two of direct, via bus-bars, and via network on chip" below.

Voogbe appears to show, see Fig.5 (b), Voogbe shows that plurality of direct connections 400(A) via top and bottom of elements 323(1) between the chips (CLB, A, D or CLB, A, A) before the dicing process.

Therefore, the argument is not persuasive and the rejection of claims 1-4, 6, 8-12, 14, 16-18, and 20-24 under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) is deemed proper.

Also, the *prima facie* case of obviousness has been met and the rejection under 35 U.S.C. § 103 is deemed proper.

Conclusion

6. **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL.** Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire **THREE MONTHS** from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within **TWO MONTHS** of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the **THREE-MONTH** shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than **SIX MONTHS** from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to SU C. KIM whose telephone number is (571)272-5972. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday - Friday, 10:00AM to 6:00PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Matthew S. Smith can be reached on (571) 272-1907. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/SU C KIM/
Examiner
Art Unit 2823

/W. David Coleman/
Primary Examiner, Art Unit 2823